

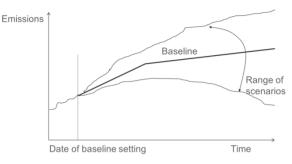
Axel Michaelowa

michaelowa@perspectives.cc

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Findings: Emission scenarios and baselines



Development of emission scenarios

- Inventory necessary starting point. Sufficient institutional capacity needed to enable continuous data collection and processing for BURs/Natcoms. Build on existing data collection efforts.
- Wide range of possible modelling approaches exists. Models vary regarding complexity and information needs.
- Assumptions matter! Avoid "black boxes"! Do not rely exclusively on external consultants. McKinsey marginal abatement cost curves in many countries were one-off exercises and did not achieve host country ownership

Development of baselines

- Many scenarios, one baseline? One scenario, many baselines?
- Which mitigation policies are to be included in the baseline?
- Eventually baseline choice is a political decision



Findings: NAMA development and prioritization

Wide range of options for NAMAs

- Project, policy, strategy/target level
- Stance of countries towards NAMA development varies due to perceived fallout in negotiations (extreme case: India, South Africa)
- Strong govt agency needed to coordinate NAMA development, mediate stakeholder input, and to avoid ministry/agency turf wars

Criteria for NAMA prioritization

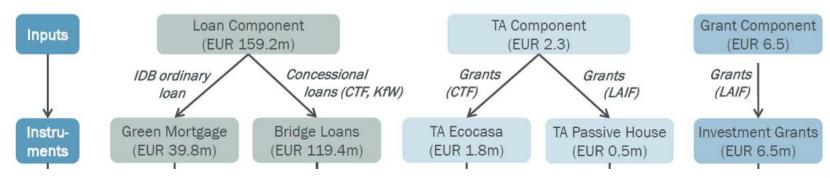
- LEDS useful starting point for NAMA development but should not slow down identification of NAMAs
- Stakeholders will have different views about NAMA priorities
- Multi-criteria analysis may be difficult to implement
- Co-benefits prioritized by most host country stakeholders, transformational GHG emissions effect prioritized by donors
 - Criteria for transformational effect are likely to be qualitative and consensus remains to be developed





Findings: NAMA implementation

- The elephant in the room: NAMA finance
 - Countries expect significant financing from donors
 - So far, financing focused on NAMA development. NAMA facility as first step for implementation finance. Important role of technical assistance
 - Donors expect substantial financing to come from implementing countries
 - Can old and new market mechanisms come to the rescue?
 - Not at current price levels, maybe under increased ambition...
 - The few NAMAs under implementation all have a mix of financing options
 - Chile renewables: Grants, guarantees
 - Mexican housing NAMA example: Grants, concessional loans, normal loans



Findings: NAMA MRV

UNFCCC level

- Criteria: voluntary, pragmatic, non-prescriptive, non-intrusive, country driven
- Report in BURs
- Still differences in opinions regarding MRV for domestic NAMAs
- Fear of some countries that guidelines might de facto become prescriptive
- Many MRV options available on which to build
 - GHG: project-based: Kyoto Mechanisms, policy-based: new WRI draft standard, strategy-based: IPCC
 - Transformational impacts: transaction cost for overcoming barriers
 - Co-benefit: Social Carbon, CCBS...
- Role of stakeholders in MRV
 - Need to make MRV consistent
 - Internal and external verification (2nd/3rd party)?

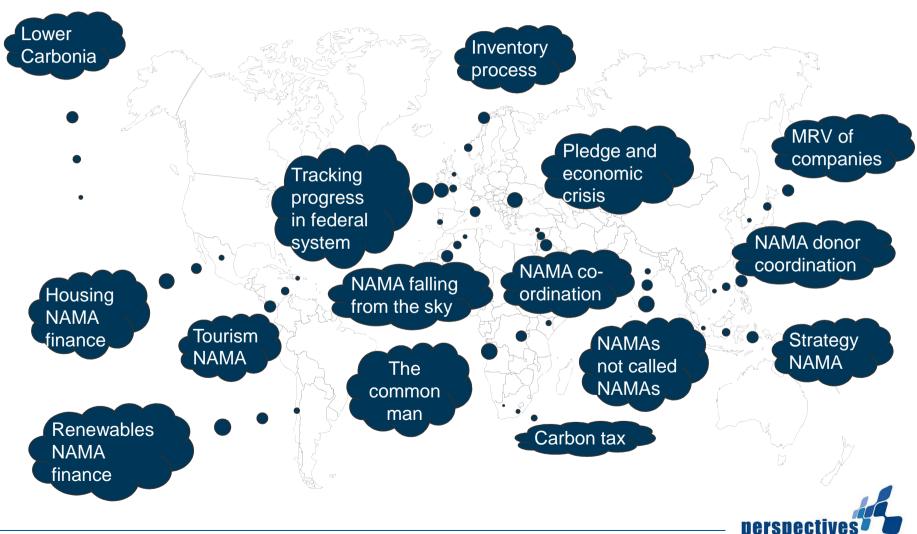


Findings: Pledges

- Setting of pledges
 - Types of pledges vary base year vs baseline, absolute vs intensity, single vs multiple target year
 - Try to make pledges as easily comparable as possible
- Ambition and its increase
 - Ratcheting up of pledges already before 2020?
 - Increase in ambition will be a long and difficult process and requires
 - countries willing to move forward (pioneers)
 - increase of strength of interest groups supporting mitigation action
 - clear benefits of leadership in mitigation technologies
 - carrots (e.g. financing) and sticks (e.g. trade measures)
- Tracking of progress (accounting regime)
 - Avoidance of double counting of mitigation action is challenging but crucial
 - Voluntary reporting in BURs/BR/ in contracts of non-UNFCCC mechs

Findings: Exchange

Almost all participating countries shared relevant experience



Any finding you would like to add?

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Recap: Expectations for MRV Summer School

- MRV-related content: learn about
 - Development of emission scenarios and baselines
 - Tracking (methodologies, indicators and information systems)
 - Emissions impacts of mitigation policies/actions
 - Finance
- Development of mitigation policies/NAMAs/LEDS: identify
 - challenges and benefits in terms of institutional arrangements (taking into account ministry/agency turf wars), time-frame needed, co-benefits
 - synergies with goals in other policy areas
 - Does MRV/tracking have beneficial or adverse effects on other mitigation policies?
- Exchange
 - Learn from experiences of other countries
 - Disseminate experience from own country



EXPECTATION

Have your expectations been met?

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